1. Find a real general solution of the following system.

$$y'_1 = 6y_1 + 9y_2$$
  
 $y'_2 = y_1 + 6y_2$ 

Ans:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 9 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6-\lambda & 9 \\ 1 & 6-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(6-\lambda)(6-\lambda)-9=0$$
  $\lambda = 3$ , 9

$$\lambda = 3$$
, eigenvector:

$$3y_1 + 9y_2 = 0$$

$$y_1 + 3y_2 = 0$$

$$y_1 = -3y_2$$
  $y_1/3 = -y_2$ 

$$y_1 = 3$$
  $y_2 = -1$ 

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\lambda = 9$$
, eigenvector:

$$-3y_{1} + 9y_{2} = 0$$

$$y_{1} - 3y_{2} = 0$$

$$y_{1} = 3y_{2} \quad y_{1}/3 = y_{2}$$

$$y_{1} = 3 \quad y_{2} = 1$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{1} \\ y_{2} \end{bmatrix} = c_{1} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} e^{3t} + c_{2} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} e^{9t}$$

2. What kind of conic section (or pair of straight lines) is given by the quadratic form? Transform it to principal axes. Express  $x^T = [x_1, x_2]$  in terms of the new corrdinate vector  $y^T = [y_1, y_2]$ .

$$4x_1^2 + 6x_1x_2 - 4x_2^2 = 10$$

Ans:

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
,  $(4 - \lambda)(-4 - \lambda) - 9 = 0$ ,  $\lambda = \pm 5$ 

$$Q = 5y_1^2 - 5y_2^2 = 10,$$

$$\lambda = 5$$
, eigenvector:

$$-x_1 + 3x_2 = 0$$

$$3x_1 - 9x_2 = 0$$

$$3x_2 = x_1$$

$$x_2 = x_1 / 3$$

$$x_1 = 3$$
  $x_2 = 1$ 

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

## $\lambda = -5$ , eigenvector:

$$9x_1 + 3x_2 = 0$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 = 0$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 = 0$$

$$3x_1 = -x_2$$

$$x_1 = x_2 / 3$$

$$x_1 = -1$$
  $x_2 = 3$ 

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = Xy = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} y$$
,雙曲線

